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Pat. App. Not known - US phase of PCT/DE2004/000149

## JC17 Rec'd PCT/PTO 2 6 AUG 2005

## AMENDED PATENT CLAIMS

- 1. (original) A method of selectively detecting and/or quantifying super paramagnetic and/or ferro magnetic particles, characterized in that based upon the nonlinearality of the magnetization characteristics of the particles, frequency components of magnetic fields generated by their magnetization are measured in terms of mixed frequencies.
- 2. (original) The method according to claim 1, characterized in that the particles, for modulating their magnetization characteristics (5), are subjected to a modulating magnetic field (4, 18) of predetermined frequency.
  - 3. (currently amended) The method according to one of the preceding claims claim in which the modulating magnetic field (4, 18) has a frequency between 50 and 100 hertz.
- 4. (currently amended) The method according to one of the preceding claims claim 1 characterized in that the particles are subjected to a scanning magnetic field (15) with a frequency different from the modulating magnetic field (4, 18).

- 5. (currently amended) The method according to one of the preceding claims claim 1 in which the scanning magnetic field (15) has a frequency between 10 and 100 kilo hertz.
- 6. (currently amended) The method according to one of
  the preceding claims claim 1 characterized in that a response
  magnetic field (19) of the particle induced by the effect of the
  two alternating magnetic fields (15, 18) thereon is measured.
- 7. (currently amended) The method according to one of the preceding claims claim 1, characterized in that the amplitude variation (8, 11) of the response magnetic field (19) is measured at the frequency of the scanning magnetic field (15).

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- 8. (currently amended) The method according to one of the preceding claims claim 1 in which the frequency components of the amplitude variation (8, 11) of the response magnetic field (19) at the frequency of the scanning magnetic field (15) are measured as whole number multiple of the frequency of the modulating magnetic field (4, 18).
- 9. (currently amended) The method according to ene of the preceding claims claim 1 in which the frequency components of the amplitude variation (8, 11) of the response magnetic field (19) to the frequency of the scanning magnetic field (15) are measured

- for the even number multiple of the frequency of the modulating
- 6 magnetic field (4, 18).
- 10. (currently amended) The method according to one of
  the preceding claims claim 1 in which the frequency components of
  the amplitude variation (8, 11) of the response magnetic field (19)
  to the frequency of the scanning magnetic field (15) is measured,
  for the signal which is twice the frequency of the modulating
  magnetic field (4, 18).
- 11. (currently amended) The method according to ene of
  the preceding claims claim 1 characterized in that the amplitude
  variation (11) of the response magnetic field (19) is converted and
  as an output voltage (24) is used to determine the concentration of
  the analyte.
- 1 12. (original) A device for the selective detection 2 and/or quantification of super power magnetic and/or thermal 3 magnetic particles with analytes, comprising:
- a vessel (12) with an analyte to be detected or to be quantified,
- at least one oscillator (13, 16; 25) for
- 7 producing frequencies of alternating magnetic fields (15, 18),
- at least one field generator (14, 17) for
- subjecting the analyte to alternating magnetic field (15, 18),

a magnetic field sensor (20) for measuring a
response magnetic field (19) of the particles, and
at least one phase sensitive detector (21, 23).

- 13. (original) The device according to claim 12
  2 comprising at least one frequency dividers (26, 27, 28, 29, 30) for
  3 dividing the frequency of the oscillator (25).
- 1 14. (original) The device according to claim 13
  2 characterized in that the frequency divider or frequency dividers
  3 (26, 27, 28, 29, 30) divide the oscillator frequency in proportions
  4 of whole positive numbers.
- 15. (currently amended) The device according to claim
  2 13-or-14, characterized in that the frequency dividers (26, 27, 28)
  3 divide the oscillator frequency into the ratios

 $\frac{1}{\ell}$ ,

 $\frac{1}{m \cdot n}$ 

 $\frac{1}{n}$ 

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16. (currently amended) The device according to ene of

2 claims 13 through 15 claim 13 characterized in that the frequency

3 dividers (28, 29, 30) divide the oscillator frequency in the ratios

4 of

 $\frac{1}{n}$   $\frac{1}{n+m}$ 

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 $\frac{1}{n(n+m)}$ 

- 17. (currently amended) The device according to one of the preceding claims 15 or 16 claim 15 with whole positive numbers for 1, m, n.
- 18. (currently amended) The device according to one of
  the preceding claims 15 17 claim 15 with m as an even number,
  especially with m=2.
- 19. (currently amended) The device according to ene of
  the preceding claims13—18 claim 13with at least one frequency
  divider (26, 28) dividing the oscillator frequency into a reference
  frequency which is stored in at least one phase sensitive detector
  (21, 23).

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- 20. (currently amended) The device according to ene of the preceding claims 13—19 claim 1 in which a frequency from one frequency divider (26) of the oscillator frequency is stored as a reference in one phase sensitive detector (21) and a frequency from another frequency divider (28) dividing the oscillator frequency is stored as a reference in another phase sensitive detector (23).
- 21. (currently amended) The device according to ene of
  the preceding claims 13 20 claim 13, characterized in that field
  generators (14, 17) are provided which are controlled by the
  frequencies of the frequency dividers (26, 27; 29, 30).

- 22. (currently amended) The device according to one of the preceding claims 12 21 claim 12 comprising at least one frequency multiplier (22).
- 23. (currently amended) The device according to ene of the preceding claims 12 22 claim 12, characterized in that the magnetic field sensor (20) is configured as a differential field sensor.
- 24. (currently amended) The device according to one of
  the preceding claims 12 23 claim 12, characterized in that the
  magnetic field sensor (20) comprises two partial coils of the same
  construction type.
- 25. (currently amended) The device according to one of the preceding claims 12 24 claim 12, characterized in that the partial coils of the magnetic field sensor (20) are wound in opposite sensors.
- 26. (currently amended) The device according to one of the preceding claims 12 25 claim 12 characterized in that the partial coils of the magnetic field sensor (20) are connected in series.

27. (currently amended) The device according to ene of the preceding claims 12 26 claim 12, characterized in that the container with the analyte is in contact with only one of the two partial coils of the magnetic field sensor (20).